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Project Acronym ProCESS

Project Full Title Processing Complexity with Emotional, Sensorial and Spiritual capacities

# **ProCESS Project**

# WORK PACKAGE 2: PREPARING THE COMPANY CASES AND BUILDING THE PROCESS TRAINING MODULES

Deliverable 2.3

Module 1





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# **Table of Contents**

Tab	le of Contents	4
1.	ProCESS method	5
2.	Curriculum overview	7
3.	Example curricula	. 10





# 1. ProCESS method

The ProCESS method is an innovative method of complex problem solving in organizational context where rational and non-rational (sensorial, emotional, and spiritual) approaches are mobilised with the help of SESS (sensorial, emotional, and spiritual skills) workshops. The innovative nature of ProCESS reveals itself through systematically combining non rational and rational skills, fostering a holistic approach and giving a place to SES skills in management training and in businesses. This happens by convening standardized workshops which summon the sensory, the emotional and the spiritual skills in a manner that helps participants to learn how to address real complex cases.

The aim of ProCESS method is to teach current and future managers to break out of traditional thought patterns, complement traditional methods of analysis, upset participants' established intellectual order, and broaden their perspectives. Indeed, ProCESS has multicultural inputs, approaches and heterogeneity that lead to the analysis of situations from different points of view and sensitivities, and therefore a proliferation of ideas and the restitution of a broad range of solutions which will infuse companies from various sectors.

In ProCESS method, Theory U is adapted for a series of six future search-oriented workshops where students are engaged in coaching circles with a facilitated learning and innovation process around the complex problem solving. The U process is a tool for enabling leaders to learn not only from past experience but from the emerging future. It allows to operate pursuing emerging possibilities rather than reflecting on and reacting to past experiences. Theory U thus offers a practical method of learning that reveals the organization's blind spots by directing the attention to the interior condition and internal forces that underlie social change.

Theory U responds to a world in crisis (Heller, 2019) and invites leaders to transform their thinking process from one based on isolated datasets, facts, and observations into a more holistic approach that is fundamentally intuitive (Szameitat & Nestler, n.d.). Theory U suggests that true leadership is about shifting from a personal, individual-centred, self-interest ego-systemic approach to a collective, group-centred, multi-stakeholder approach where society should get to "eco-system awareness"-driven forms of cooperation. This process is the journey of the U. (Scharmer, 2007; Trigger, Trends in Global Governance and Europe's role, 2019.)

The model describes seven ways of attending to and co-shaping the world and developing seven essential leadership capacities: 1) Downloading means repeating the same old patterns of thought so that "the world is frozen by our old mental habits and past experiences; nothing new enters our minds". 2) Seeing or observing means that we suspend our habitual judgment, wake up with fresh eyes and to tolerate that nothing is happening. 3) Sensing means that our perceptions widen and deepen and "the boundary between observer and observed opens up." 4) Presencing happens when we let go of the old patterns and assumptions and "the boundary between observer and observed collapses into a space for the future to emerge." 5) Crystallizing is when "envisioning happens from the field of the future rather than from our ego. 6) Prototyping is exploring the future by doing and by improvising and by linking the intelligence of the head, heart, and hands. 7) Co-Evolving or performing means embodying the new through new practices, processes, and infrastructures. (Scharmer, 2007: Presencing Institute, 2022; McKinney, 2018.)





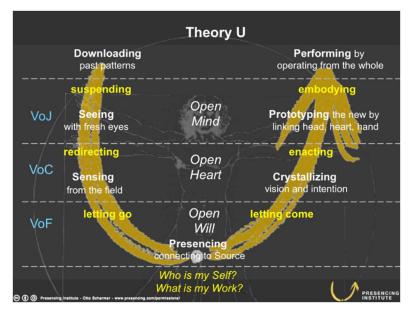


Figure 1. Theory U (Wikimedia Commons, n.d.)

The "U" is a graphic expression of the journey. The left-hand side of the picture describes the move downwards away from past prejudices and resistance of thought, emotion and will, closer to the outside world embodying the newly acquired capacities, finding common intent and sensing the best future possibilities. At the bottom of the U-shape there is the moment of presencing (i.e., sensing which means feeling the future possibility and presence which means the state of being in the present moment), which is the point between letting go all that is not essential and getting ready for the future to emerge through shared wisdom. This point describes the ability to overcome disruptions by "acting from the presence of what is wanting to emerge". It is important to normalize not knowing the answers and emphasize the value of quiet reflection to allow ideas to emerge. On the way to the threshold of presencing, people must quiet down their Voices of Judgment, Cynicism, and Fear. (Scharmer, 2007; Presencing Institute; Trigger, Trends in Global Governance and Europe's role, 2019.)

The right-hand side describes the move upwards where answers are found in co-operation with others. Co-creation is a tool to overcome crises, whether economic, social, cultural, ecological, spiritual or personal, and it is a process of identifying, prototyping and refining new forms of commitment and action or social reality creation. (Presencing Institute; Trigger, Trends in Global Governance and Europe's role, 2019; Scharmer, 2009.) Once a group goes through this process, individual members and the group begin to operate with a heightened level of energy and sense of future possibility and to function as an intentional vehicle for an emerging future (Presencing institute, n.d.).

The foundational capacity of the U is listening to others, oneself and what emerges from the collective in an open space in which others can contribute to the whole and suspend the voice of judgment. The preparation for the experience at the bottom of the U requires the tuning of three inner instruments: the open mind, open heart, and open will. This requires active sensing together as a group. When an open heart allows to see a situation, the open will enables to sense what is wanting to emerge. Moving down the left side of the U requires the group to open up and deal with the resistance of thought, emotion, and will. Moving up the right side requires the integration of thinking, feeling and will in the context of practical applications and learning by doing. (Presencing institute, n.d.).

The curriculum has been built on general guidelines for each separate part of process U to help SESS trainers in constructing their own curriculum based on their own set of skills and teaching methods.

6





After the general description, there are four different example curricula to give a concrete idea on how the set of six different workshops could look like in real life. However, the realization of the workshops is not limited to these examples, and it is also possible to mix elements of different curricula as long as they correspond their place in the series of six different workshops.

### References

Heller, P.W. (2019). The Philosophy of Theory U: A Critical Examination. Philosophy of Management, 18, 23–42.

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https://www.leadershipnow.com/leadingblog/2018/04/the\_essentials\_of\_theory\_u.html

Presencing Institute, (n.d.). Presencing Institute. Leading From the Future As It Emerges. https://www.presencing.org/aboutus/theory-u

Scharmer, O. (2007). Theory U: Leading from the Future as It Emerges. Berrett-Koehler Publishers, Inc.

Trigger, Trends in Global Governance and Europe's role. (2019). https://trigger-project.eu/2019/10/17/sensing-the-future-with-the-theory-u-model/

# 2. Curriculum overview

General description	
Course title	Tasting for sensorial, emotional and spiritual skills
Time	3 hours
Sequencing	6 parts
ECTS credits if applicable	n/a
Course competences	Awareness, connectedness, alignment
Course objectives	To get familiar to solve complex problems with sensorial, emotional and spiritual skills
Expected outcomes	Understanding the concepts of complexity and SES skills, the meaning of participant attitude and commitment, being able to connect to oneself and others to be able to work in a team, cooperation and co-creation, alignment and finalizing
Course contents	The course contains 6 parts of different objectives that are explained hereafter
<b>Evaluation scale</b>	Pass/Fail
Part 1	
Part title	Prelude and practice: Introduction to SES skills and complexity
Time	½ hour
Part competences	Awareness
Part objectives	The presentation of the three-hour workshop to understand the concept of SES skills and to get some theoretical background for the workshop. The theoretical backgroud can be explained from the standpoints of Theory U and design thinking crystallising into ProCESS method
Part expected outcomes	Understanding of SES skills

7





<u> </u>	
Part content	Understanding and reasoning for SES skills, participant attitude and commitment
Part training methods	Presentations, activation methods, discussion, examples
Part training tools	PowerPoint, storytelling, questionnaires
Part evaluation methods	n/a
Part evaluation criteria	n/a
Names of SESS trainers	Marcella Zoccoli, Vincent Goubier, Simona Noveanu, Philippe
	Fournier, Sorin Suteu
Part 2	
Part title	Power of body and mind
Time	½ hour
Part competences	Awareness, connectedness
Part objectives	Introduction of natural and physical life
Part expected outcomes	Connect to ourselves
Part content	Attention to sensing, perceiving, feeling, discovering and spiritual
	intelligence
Part training methods	Practice and demonstration
Part training tools	Music, sounds, dance, chair, images, multimedia, meditation, scents
Part evaluation methods	Testimonials, observation, reflection
Part evaluation criteria	Pass: Active participation and reflection
Names of SESS trainers	Marcella Zoccoli, Ari Korhonen, Sophie Bouquerel, Anne Décoret-
Traines of 5255 trainers	Ahiha, Simona Noveanu, Sorin Suteu, Philippe Fournier, Dace
	Andersone, Sorin Suteu
Part 3	
Part title	Managing emotions through hidden talents
Time	½ hour
Part competences	Awareness, connectedness
Part objectives	To perceive, describe and manage emotions
Part expected outcomes	To increase the ability to work in team
Part content	Being aware of the emotional flow
Part training methods	Practice
Part training tools	Music listening, music improvisation, dance, images, video
	sequences, drawing, dialog, drama, writing, meditation
Part evaluation methods	Testimonials, observation, reflection
Part evaluation criteria	Pass: Active participation and reflection
Names of SESS trainers	Marcella Zoccoli, Sophie Bouquerel, Simona Noveanu, Philippe
	Fournier, Dace Andersone, Julija Jacquemod
Part 4	
Part title	Connection for better interaction
I	1





Time	½ hours
Part competences	Awareness, connectedness
Part objectives	To connect to common values
Part expected outcomes	Co-operation and co-creation
Part content	Connecting to ourselves and others, co-sensing
Part training methods	Practice
Part training tools	Voice, dance, movement, postures, physical space, visual examples,
	tests, painting, Lego serious play, yoga
Part evaluation methods	Testimonials, observation, reflection
Part evaluation criteria	Pass: Active participation and reflection
Names of SESS trainers	Marcella Zoccoli, Sophie Bouquerel, Anne Decoret, Sorin Suteu,
	Remus Lungu, Philippe Fournier, Dace Andersone
Part 5	
Part title	Processing towards self-transformation
Time	½ hour
Part competences	Alignment
Part objectives	To make difference, prototype, crystallize, embody and emerge
Part expected outcomes	To became autonomous and responsible
Part content	Conscious empathy and ethics
Part training methods	Practice
Part training tools	Voice, dance, movement, postures, music
Part evaluation	Testimonials, observation, reflection
Part evaluation criteria	Pass: Active participation and reflection
Names of SESS trainers	Marcella Zoccoli, Ari Korhonen, Sophie Bouquerel, Simona Noveanu,
	Philippe Fournier, Dace Andersone
Part 6	
Part title	Grand final
Time	½ hours
Part competences	Alignment
Part objectives	Sharing the knowledge and the wisdom
Part expected outcomes	Time for autonomy
Part content	Embodiment, finalizing, gratitude and celebration
Part training methods	Demonstration, testimonials, celebration
Part training tools	n/a
Part evaluation methods	Testimonials, observation, reflection
Part evaluation criteria	Pass: Active participation and reflection
Names of SESS trainers	Marcella Zoccoli, Sophie Bouquerel, Simona Noveanu, Philippe
	Fournier, Dace Andersone





# 3. Example curricula

# **WORKSHOP SYLLABUS – EXAMPLE 1**

General description	
Course title	Mobilising sensorial, emotional and spiritual capacities to manage in and with complexity
Time	3 hours
Sequencing	6 parts
ECTS credits if applicable	n/a
Course competences	Awareness, connectedness, alignment
Course objectives	Be aware that sensorial, emotional and spiritual capacities can help to solve complex problems
Expected outcomes	Understanding the concepts of complexity and SES skills, being able to connect to oneself, experiencing body abilities through SES skills, relying on one's SES skills efficiency to help solving complex problems, incentivize the desire to train them to improve their performance
Course contents	The course contains 6 parts of different objectives that are explained hereafter
Evaluation scale	None
Names of SESS trainers	Vincent Goubier, Philippe Fournier, Anne Décoret-Ahiha, Sophie Bouquerel
Part 1	
Title	Introduction to complexity
Objectives	Presentation of the module in which various exercises (listening, moving,
	rhythms beating, focusing attention, mindfulness) should allow
	participants to be aware of their SES skills and to associate them with
	complex problems solving.
	Part #1 allows to understand what complexity is; its ever more prominent place in our world and the fact that traditional methods based on rationality and scientific approaches are less and less efficient.
Outcomes	Understanding the concepts of complexity
- accomes	
Gattoines	Become aware of the complexity of any organisation
Cattonics	Become aware of the complexity of any organisation Gain an awareness about complexity, accept and seize opportunities
Cuttomes	Become aware of the complexity of any organisation
Place in ProCESS method	Become aware of the complexity of any organisation  Gain an awareness about complexity, accept and seize opportunities

# 10





	1					
	asking partic the different	ipants to a complexi	op is dedicated to give examples of ty characteristics ual and organizat	comm are vi	on daily situati sible. These ex	ons where amples are
	introduced.					
	Three main v	-	anage in complex	city are	e proposed:	
		•	orial, emotional, a	and spi	iritual capacitie	es (SES Skills)
			al and analytical	•	•	-
			ltivate these skill		necessary to tr	ain them
	before being able to use them effectively Thinking out of the box through engagement with works of art.					
	- Ininking ou	it of the b	ox through engag	gemen	t with works of	rart.
	This part end	d with exp	lanations of wha	t is cor	nplex thinking	and how it
		-	al complex situat			
	complexity (	openness	of systems and o	pporti	unities) and the	human side
	of decision n	naking are	highlighted.			
Time	½ hour					
Instructions	•		and mindset to b	e able	to play with co	omplexity.
Materials needed	Video projec	•				
Theoretical foundation,			Complexity. Hai	•		
relevant References &		-	A., 2022. The Cha	_	e of Complexity	: Essays by
Resources	1		ex Academic Pres Manager dans (e		l la complevité	Evrolles
			LO. Not for Profit.	-	•	•
			eton University P			
Competences developed	Awareness	$\boxtimes$	Connectedness		Alignment	
SES Skills trained	Sensorial		Emotional		Spiritual	
Part 2						
Title	Introduction	to SES sk	ills			
Objectives	Part #2 allow	s to unde	rstand what are	"SES sl	kills", their effic	ciency to
	understand s	situations,	their need to be	traine	d and that occ	idental
		•	elementary school		•	•
	_	_	It aims to develo		~	
	_	•	vith complex mai	_		~
			tion of Sensory, E			ıal (SES)
Outcomes			n to rational capa			
Outcomes		_	ncept of SES skills numan wealth w		not limited to	rational
	capacities	ire or the i	idiliali Wealth Wi	1101113	not innited to	lational
	· ·	fident in S	SES outcomes in p	orofess	sional and pers	onal
	situations					
	Be able to m	obilize SE	S skills in front of	comp	lex situations, i	n addition to
	rational capa	cities				
Place in ProCESS method	Part #2					





Description	According to the <i>theory of embodied cognition</i> , human cognition is
	influenced by the experiences of the body in a physical world.
	Furthermore, the brain is not just connected to the body, but the body
	activities also influence the brain. For example, 70–80% of the human
	brain is related to hands and this link is twofold, thus working with hands
	develops the human brain.
	According to <i>design thinking</i> , the reality is constructed by the people
	living it, and decisions are more emotional than logic. To use design
	thinking, sensorial and emotional skills – that allow people to emphasize
	with the user, not only at a single user but also at his/her interaction with
	a wider environment, even universe – are needed. Skills to look
	holistically at complex problems are also needed, to be able to look into
	the future, to understand "the connectedness or relationship that a
	•
	person has with their self, others, the environment and a divine or a
	transcendent being or concern" (spiritual skills). These skills in
	combination are called SES skills.
	Senses (5 or may be more), emotions (4/6 basic emotions according to
	Goleman D. or Ekman P.), multiple intelligences (Gardner H.) and spirit
	are described. Demonstration that these human capacities have to be
	trained to be performant are conducted.
	Based on the theory of embodied cognition and design thinking, the
	ProCESS methodology aims to develop an original and innovative
	methodology to deal with complex management cases through
	alternating sequences of mobilization of Sensory, Emotional, and
	Spiritual (SES) intelligence, in addition to rational capacities.
	To train SES skills, the ProCESS method uses the <i>Theory U</i> approach. The
	essence of Theory U is that by moving through the "U" process the user
	learns to connect to the essential "Self", goes through the process of
	"presencing" which means "sensing" and "presence".
Time	½ hour
Instructions	Positive and openminded attitude.
Materials needed	Video projector and power point.
Theoretical foundation,	1. Goleman D., 1995. Emotional intelligence. Bantam Books, New York
relevant References &	2. Goleman D., 1998. Working with emotional intelligence. Bantam
Resources	Books, New York
l lices and cos	3. Ekman P., 2003. Emotions Revealed: Recognizing Faces and Feelings
	to Improve Communication and Emotional Life. Times books.
	4. Gardner H.E., 2011. Frames of Mind: The Theory of Multiple
	Intelligences. Basic books
	5. Sava A. et al., "New approaches to solve complex management case
	studies", Review of Management & Economic Engineering, 2022, https://rmee.org/abstracturi/83/08 Articol 639 RMEE ProCESS 28.02.2022%20FINAL.pdf
	6. Sluka I., Ludviga I., "Embodied cognition and management learning:
	the need for sensorial, emotional, and spiritual skills for solving
	complex managerial problems", 2022.
	7. Morin E., 1999. Seven complex lessons in education for the future.
	UNESCO
	8. Angotti A., 2004. Aborder facilement la complexité ; Dépassez votre
	esprit cartésien pour être plus efficace. Editions d'Organisation.





Competences developed	Awareness	$\boxtimes$	Connectedness		Alignment	
SES Skills trained	Sensorial		Emotional		Spiritual	
Part 3						
Title	The Power o	of Sound o	n Human Behavi	or		
Workshop objective	Learn the full human being	ndamenta g.	l and physical life l concepts of aco	ustics		
			e awareness of th			_
0			g the individual to			
Outcomes	behavior.	reness or	the power of sou	na and	a its impact on	numan
Place in ProCESS method	Part #3					
Description	Presentation	of the ph	ysical and acousti	ic phei	nomenon of so	ound and its
	Examples of enrich our pe	understandived and serception of	d the issues for the shared experience of our behavior. Illustrating the po	es to s	how how mus	ic helps to
Time	½ hour					
Instructions	Respect – Reatitude	esponsibili	<b>m participants:</b> D ty – Confidence – participants to fo	- Positi	ive and openm	inded
Materials needed	Room with o		without tables. G	irand p	oiano or uprigh	nt piano (no
Tips & Experience Using						
Theoretical foundation, relevant References & Resources	<ol> <li>Serry J., 1970. Par le mouvement. Editions Pro Musica</li> <li>Lemarquis P., 2021. Les pouvoirs de la musique sur le cerveau des enfants et des adultes. Odile Jacob</li> <li>Damasio A., 2006. Descartes' Error: Emotion, Reason and the Human Brain. Vintage.</li> </ol>					
Competences developed	Awareness	$\boxtimes$	Connectedness	$\boxtimes$	Alignment	
SES Skills trained	Sensorial	$\boxtimes$	Emotional	$\boxtimes$	Spiritual	
Part 4						
Title	The Principle	es of Liste	ning, of Resonan	ce, an	d of Energy Tr	ansmission
Workshop objective	capacities fo ourselves in	The Principles of Listening, of Resonance, and of Energy Transmission Understand and feel, through various listening skills, how to improve our capacities for communication and management, and how better knows ourselves in order to feel our relationship to the other.  Learn on non-verbal communication skills.				
Outcomes			e's abilities to per d recognize the o			
Place in ProCESS method	Part #4					





5	Analyze the various principles of listening.				
Description	1	•		alianta a second	
	_		develop listening thro	ugh the ear, the	e organ of
	sound reception		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	* the earner	ation of
	_		enable an awareness of		ation of
			phenomenon of sound		
			acoustic laws that have	•	
Time		n: the la	w of resonance, the lav	vs of attraction,	, narmonics.
Time	½ hour			:	ant Danier
Instructions	1	-	<i>n participants:</i> Dedicat		•
	· ·	-	idence – Positive and o	•	
	The trainer invites the participants to form a circle in a wide space behind the piano.				
Materials needed					
iviateriais needed	Room with chairs and without tables. Grand piano or upright piano (no				
Tine 9 Eventiones Using	digital piano).	t +bo po	rticipants got into a pas	itiva amatianal	l state of
Tips & Experience Using	mind.	t the pai	ticipants get into a pos	itive emotionai	i state of
Theoretical foundation,		D 2010	Incognite: The Coerst	Lives of The Day	ain
relevant References &	1. Eagleman Canongate		. Incognito: The Secret	Lives of The Bra	dIII.
Resources				ant: How Findin	ng Vour
resources		2. Robinson K. & Aronica L., 2009. The Element: How Finding Your Passion Changes Everything. Penguin.			
		•	, ,	nto the world o	f the deaf
	3. Sacks O., 1990. Seeing voices. A journey into the world of the deaf. University of California Press				
Competences developed	1		Connectedness 🗵	Alignment	$\boxtimes$
SES Skills trained		$\boxtimes$	Emotional	_	
SES Skills trailled	Sensonal		EIIIOUOIIai	Spiritual	
Part 5					
Part 5 Title	Awareness, pe	rceptio	n, decision		
			n, decision ne importance of enrich	ning our capacit	y for
Title				ning our capacit	y for
Title Workshop objective	Understand an perception	d feel th	ne importance of enrich		
Title	Understand an perception  Gain an awarer	d feel th	ne importance of enrich the power of attention		
Title Workshop objective Outcomes	Understand an perception  Gain an awarer solutions in cor	d feel th	ne importance of enrich the power of attention		
Title Workshop objective Outcomes Place in ProCESS method	Understand an perception  Gain an awarer solutions in corport #5	d feel th ness of t mplex si	ne importance of enrich the power of attention tuations	and perception	to find
Title Workshop objective Outcomes	Understand an perception  Gain an awarer solutions in core Part #5  How can we identify the solution of the so	d feel the ness of to mplex si	ne importance of enrich the power of attention	and perception	to find
Title Workshop objective Outcomes Place in ProCESS method	Understand an perception  Gain an awarer solutions in corport #5  How can we ide complex situat	d feel the ness of the mplex singlex entify in ions?	he importance of enrich the power of attention tuations formation useful for de	and perception	to find
Title Workshop objective Outcomes Place in ProCESS method	Understand an perception  Gain an awarer solutions in corport #5  How can we ide complex situat How can body	d feel the ness of templex since entify in ions?	the power of attention tuations  formation useful for decrete be a resource and	and perception ecision-making a	to find and action in
Title Workshop objective Outcomes Place in ProCESS method	Understand an perception  Gain an awarer solutions in core Part #5  How can we ide complex situat How can body Through this w	d feel the ness of the mplex since entify in ions? intellige workshop	the power of attention tuations  formation useful for definite be a resource and o, we will address issues	and perception ecision-making a compass? s related to per	to find and action in
Title Workshop objective Outcomes Place in ProCESS method	Understand an perception  Gain an awarer solutions in corport #5  How can we ide complex situat How can body Through this we (attention, interestion)	d feel the ness of templex simplex simplex simplex simplems? intelliged forkshopention, in	the power of attention tuations  formation useful for decrete be a resource and	and perception ecision-making a compass? s related to per	to find and action in
Title Workshop objective Outcomes Place in ProCESS method	Understand an perception  Gain an awarer solutions in corporat #5  How can we identify complex situat How can body Through this we (attention, interdiscernment process)	ness of to mplex si entify in ions? intellige corkshop ention, in	the power of attention tuations  formation useful for defince be a resource and o, we will address issues intuition, resonance) as	and perception ecision-making a compass? s related to per	to find and action in
Title Workshop objective Outcomes Place in ProCESS method	Understand an perception  Gain an awarer solutions in corporat #5  How can we identify complex situat How can body Through this we (attention, interdiscernment process)	ness of to mplex si entify in ions? intellige corkshop ention, in	the power of attention tuations  formation useful for definite be a resource and o, we will address issues	and perception ecision-making a compass? s related to per	to find and action in
Title Workshop objective  Outcomes  Place in ProCESS method Description	Understand an perception  Gain an awarer solutions in corporate #5  How can we ide complex situat How can body Through this w (attention, interestical present processes)  how can body Through this w (attention, interestical present presen	ness of templex simplex simplex simplex simplems; intellige torkshopention, intercess.	the power of attention tuations  formation useful for definition definition with the second process and the second process are second process.	and perception ecision-making a compass? s related to perception	and action in ception
Title Workshop objective  Outcomes  Place in ProCESS method Description  Time	Understand an perception  Gain an awarer solutions in core Part #5  How can we ide complex situat How can body Through this we (attention, interestical pressure 1/2 hour  Dedication - Core	ness of to mplex since entify in ions? intellige ention, in rocess. esentation ommitm	the power of attention tuations  formation useful for definition definition to the definition of the formation useful for definition, we will address issues the formation, resonance) as on; body experiences  ent - Respect – Respon	and perception ecision-making a compass? s related to perception	and action in ception
Title Workshop objective  Outcomes  Place in ProCESS method Description  Time	Understand an perception  Gain an awarer solutions in core Part #5  How can we ide complex situat How can body Through this we (attention, interestical pressure 1/2 hour  Dedication - Core	ness of to mplex since entify in ions? intellige ention, in rocess. esentation ommitm	the power of attention tuations  formation useful for definition definition with the second process and the second process are second process.	and perception ecision-making a compass? s related to perception	and action in ception
Title Workshop objective  Outcomes  Place in ProCESS method Description  Time Instructions  Materials needed	Understand an perception  Gain an awarer solutions in core Part #5  How can we ide complex situat How can body Through this we (attention, interestical pressure 1/2 hour  Dedication - Core	ness of to mplex since entify in ions? intellige ention, in rocess. esentation ommitm	the power of attention tuations  formation useful for definition definition to the definition of the formation useful for definition, we will address issues the formation, resonance) as on; body experiences  ent - Respect – Respon	and perception ecision-making a compass? s related to perception	and action in ception
Title Workshop objective  Outcomes  Place in ProCESS method Description  Time Instructions  Materials needed Tips & Experience Using	Understand an perception  Gain an awarer solutions in core Part #5  How can we ide complex situat How can body Through this w (attention, interestical pressure by hour  Dedication - Core Positive and open solutions.	ness of templex simplex simplex simplex simplex simplex simplements; and the second simple si	the power of attention tuations  formation useful for definition definition to the series of the ser	and perception ecision-making a compass? s related to perception a compass a	and action in ception n a
Title Workshop objective  Outcomes  Place in ProCESS method Description  Time Instructions  Materials needed	Understand an perception  Gain an awarer solutions in corporate #5  How can we idecomplex situat How can body Through this w (attention, interestical present processes and open solution - Corpositive - Corpos	ness of templex simplex simplex simplex simplex simplex simplements on the second seco	the power of attention tuations  formation useful for definition definition with the second of the s	and perception ecision-making a compass? s related to perception key elements in sibility – Confid	and action in ception n a
Title Workshop objective  Outcomes  Place in ProCESS method Description  Time Instructions  Materials needed Tips & Experience Using Theoretical foundation,	Understand an perception  Gain an awarer solutions in corporate #5  How can we idecomplex situat How can body Through this w (attention, interestical present processes and open solution - Corpositive - Corpos	ness of templex simplex simplex simplex simplex simplex simplements on the second seco	the power of attention tuations  formation useful for definition definition to the series of the ser	and perception ecision-making a compass? s related to perception key elements in sibility – Confid	and action in ception n a





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Competences developed	Awareness 🗵	Connectedness	⊴ Al	ignment			
SES Skills trained	Sensorial 🗵	Emotional	⊴ Sp	iritual	$\boxtimes$		
Part 6							
Title	Meditation and stab	ility					
Workshop objective	Understand and feel	the importance of ou	ır qualit	ty of body pi	resence		
Outcomes	Gain an awareness o	f the power of attent	ion and	perception	to find		
	solutions in complex	situations					
Place in ProCESS method	Part #6						
Description	How can meditation enable us to train our quality of presence in complex situations?  This workshop will provide an opportunity to practice different modalities of listening and inner exploration to train our agility and stability. We will see how slowness and bodily presence can support a decision-making process, while considering real-time interactions.						
Time	½ hour						
Instructions	Attitude expected from participants: Dedication - Commitment - Respect  - Responsibility - Confidence - Positive and openminded attitude  The trainer invites the participants to form a circle.						
Materials needed	Comfortable chairs a	nd yoga mats.					
Tips & Experience Using							
Theoretical foundation, relevant References & Resources	<ol> <li>Goleman D. &amp; Davidson R., 2018. The Science of Meditation: How to Change Your Brain, Mind and Body. Penguin Life.</li> <li>Wigglesworth C., 2014. SQ21: The Twenty-One Skills of Spiritual Intelligence. Select Books Inc.</li> <li>Kumar S., 2015. Soil, soul &amp; society. A new trinity for our time. The Ivy Press</li> </ol>						
Competences developed	Awareness	Connectedness	$\boxtimes$	Alignment			
SES Skills trained	Sensorial 🗵	Emotional	$\boxtimes$	Spiritual	$\boxtimes$		

# **WORKSHOP SYLLABUS – EXAMPLE 2**

General description	
Course title	COMPLEXITY "Sonaatti" - 6 ProCESS workshops journey (JAMK.fi)
Time	3 hours (inclusive of little break moments)
Sequencing	6 workshops
ECTS credits if applicable	n/a
Course competences	Awareness, alignment, and connection
	*https://processproject.eu/teaser-video-on-process-project/
Course objectives	To get familiar to solve complex problems with sensorial, emotional, and
	spiritual skills and become aligned, conscious, and creative
	managers/leaders.
<b>Expected outcomes</b>	Understanding the concepts of complexity and SES skills, the meaning of
	participant attitude and commitment, being able to connect to oneself,
	others and even to something "greater than us"* to be able to work in a





	team, co-operation and co-creation, alignment and finalizing the 3-hour
	process
	*https://processproject.eu/teaser-video-on-process-project/
Course contents	The course contains 6 workshops with different objectives that are
	explained hereafter
Evaluation scale	Pass/Fail
Names of SESS trainers	Marcella Zoccoli, Ari Korhonen
11411103 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01	Mardena 20000nj rur Kernenen
Part 1	
Title	Prelude & Practice - Introduction to SES Skills
Workshop objective	- Introduction to the COMPLEXITY "Songatti" theoretical framework of
Tronkonop objective	the 6 ProCESS Project journey at JAMK.fi
	- Meet the SESS Trainers: Marcella & Ari (human and professional
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	background)
	- Presentation of the 6 ProCESS workshops – concepts & practices,
	design, values & principles general info, good practice, and direction
	for the "Off-stage" self-generated work
	- Welcome and preparation for the active methods and practices
	- Active Practices "a taste of the Human Senses - mode ON" - Ari &
	Marcella the Dynamic Duo
	- Nurturing moment - Leave-taking, Time for Feedback
	- Musical momentum and relaxation
Outcomes	Understanding the concepts of complexity and SES skills
	Acknowledging the sensorial, emotional, and spiritual diversity of
	individuals and groups in complex environments (organizations)
	Acquiring knowledge and wisdom (experience) to activate methods for
	leadership and management by applying different approaches and
	techniques of the arts (e.g., artistic, creative, and contemplative
	disciplines)
	Encouraging personal agency, attitude, and vision in exploring multiple
	possibilities in complex decision-making situations
Place in ProCESS method	Workshop #1
	COMPLEXITY "Sonaatti" is the title of the 6 ProCESS workshops
Description	1
	collection conceived as a journey by JAMK SESS Trainers Marcella Zoccoli
	and Ari Korhonen. The participants will learn and develop their personal
	attitude in SES Skills by training activities and working following two
	directions: knowledge and wisdom (experience). Through different
	approaches and techniques of the ARTS (e.g., artistic, creative, and
	contemplative disciplines), they will shape their personal SES training
	design.
	With the aim of facilitating the students' approach to the work and the
	profound meaning behind it, this SES Skills journey inspired by the work
	of Otto Scharmer (Theory U) and "I' Approach Complexe" of Edgar
	Morin, will follow the metaphor of the three different topical-typical
	moments of the Sonata form*: the exposition, development, and
	recapitulation.
	This flow will frame the rhythm of the learning-development process and
	create a coherent narrative of workshops with the aim of the flourishing





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	and the activations of the SES Skills in the individual (private) and the						
	collective (public) dimensions.						
	Activities:						
	Welcoming and Preparation						
	Introduction to the Complexity "Sonaatti" journey						
	Presentation of the 6 Workshops						
	Q&A						
	Active demonstration & Practice						
	Nurturing moment - Leave-taking, Time for Feedback						
	Musical momentum and relaxation						
Time	½ hour						
Instructions	Attitude to the workshops journey						
	Dedication - Commitment - Respect – Responsibility						
	- We request you to prepare yourself to join the workshop in a						
	conducive way and that you participate with appropriate circumstances						
	and behavior (not eating, appropriate dress, etc.)						
	- During the workshops laptop and mobile should be switch off or in						
	silent mode - you can take notes during the briefing and debriefing						
	- During the workshops there will be short break moments						
	- During the workshop, no videos but ok pictures						
	Music workshops: free dress code, the practice concentrates on						
	listening, hearing, experiencing and playing, not that much of a physical						
	movement						
	Theater Lab: casual comfortable dress for physical movements						
	Upa-Yoga & Meditation: casual comfortable dress for physical						
	movements - Yoga Mats (at JAMK are available), but if you wish and have						
	one you can bring yours						
	- <u>specific indication:</u>						
	<b>Upa-Yoga:</b> Please leave 1.5 hours gap after a full meal for Upa Yoga						
	Sessions.						
	<b>Meditation</b> : A light stomach is recommended for doing meditations for						
	beginners.						
	Please inform the trainers in the case you have physical limitations (e.g.,						
	back pain).						
	<b>Final session:</b> creative discussion and manifestations => forms of						
	expression						
	(If required by the academic coach during the workshops you might need						
	your mobile devices to complete the feedback routine)						
Materials needed	adequate indoor space to sit and move, technical facilities, internet						
	connections, pianos						
Theoretical foundation,	1. Bruscia, K. 2014. Defining Music Therapy. Third edition.						
relevant References &	2. DeBacker, J. 2014. The Music in Music Therapy. Jessica Kingsley						
Resources	Publishers						
	3. Eskola, A., Zoccoli, M., Korhonen, A., Hundal, S. 2022. Activation						
	Methods for Leadership in Complex Environments" published on						
	International Management Development Association (IMDA) annual						
	World Business Congress proceedings volume XXIX, 2022 Page 16-23.						
	ISBN: 1-888624-19-1						





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	<ol> <li>Juslin, P. &amp; Sloboda, J. (2011). Handbook of Music and Emotion:         Theory, Reseach, Applications.         Oxford University Press</li> <li>Morin, E.1999. Seven complex lessons in education for the future.         UNESCO.</li> <li>Scharmer, O., &amp; Kaufer, K. 2013. Leading from an emerging future:         from eco-system to ecosystem economies. San Francisco, CA:         Berrett-Koehler.         Sharmer O&gt; Presencing Institute -&gt; <a href="https://www.presencing.org/">https://www.presencing.org/</a>         Zoccoli, M. 2020. The Apple &amp; The Candle. Human students         transformative leadership experience. [Spirituality – Business –         Technology] – JAMK Publications Series         <a href="https://www.jamk.fi/fi/Tutkimus-ja-kehitys/JAMKin-julkaisuja/the-applethe-candlejamkpublications285/">https://www.jamk.fi/fi/Tutkimus-ja-kehitys/JAMKin-julkaisuja/the-applethe-candlejamkpublications285/</a></li> </ol>						
Competences developed	Awareness	$\boxtimes$	Connectedness		Alignment		
SES Skills trained	Sensorial		Emotional	X	Spiritual	$\boxtimes$	
Part 2			1				
Title			s, music therapeu				
Workshop objective	<ul> <li>encountering each other will be much deeper when sharing some music excerpts from the history of a person, it instantly raises up images and deep emotions which are shared with the others.</li> <li>we can regulate the general atmosphere by using certain kind of music, the objective is to shortly explore the overall effects of the music listening and study how it affects individually and in a group.</li> <li>music listening practice can be relaxing, stimulating or mood regulating. We learn how convenient way it can be to get to know someone in a very short time.</li> </ul>						
Outcomes	Understanding and acknowledging the different types of personalities Learning to comprehend how different types of personalities act in everyday interaction and understanding the importance of synchronization in dialogue						
Place in ProCESS method	Workshop #2						
Description	Introduction to Music Therapy method: music listening and group dynamics  Demonstration: music listening exercises. Understanding the variety of emotions when experiencing the music in a group situation. Is there a "Pharmaca Musica" or is it just a "Tabula Rasa". How the music can create and modify feelings, ambiance and atmosphere.  Demonstration: sharing a personal musical excerpt.  Music as a self-object/transitional object (Winnicott, Kohut)  Nurturing moment - Leave-taking, Feedback  Musical momentum and relaxation						
Time	½ hour						
Instructions	free dress co	de: the	or this workshop practice concent lying, not that mu			-	





	in Onion						
Materials needed	adequate indoor space to sit and move, technical facilities, internet						
	connections, pianos						
Theoretical foundation,	1. Bruscia, K. (third ed 2014). Defining Music Therapy						
relevant References &	2. DeBacker, J. (2014). The Music in Music Therapy. Jessica Kingsley						
Resources	Publishers						
	3. Juslin, P. & Sloboda, J. (2011). Handbook of Music and Emotion:						
	Theory, Reseach, Applications. Oxford University Press						
Competences developed	Awareness	Connectedness	Alignment 🗵				
SES Skills trained	Sensorial	Emotional 🗵	Spiritual 🗵				
	3611301141	Emotional	Spirited in				
Part 3							
Title	Complexity: What a D	RAMA! Case studies: a	acting lab				
Workshop objective	- contribute to the	creation a dedicated sp	ace of action,				
	- develop self and se	ocial awareness, conne	ect, and understand				
	circumstances and	l paradoxes					
	- reading behind the	e lines of the case					
	- and imagining and	creating solutions					
Outcomes	Learning to release old	d habits and meaningle	ss thinking processes and				
	preparing the ground	for individual and colle	ctive acknowledgment of				
	the unknown potentia	I of the talent useful for	or co-creative interpretations				
	of the case study of re	ference. Nurturing cre	ativity and motivation to				
	foster new ideas and p	perspectives by reducir	ig information gaps, and				
	resolving intellectual p	problems with the use	of sensations, perceptions,				
	and emotions.						
Place in ProCESS method	Workshop #3						
Description	Through the Espresso	SkillsLAB©* (training o	oncept and pedagogical tool				
_			his workshop, a combination				
	of elements and exerc	ises are selected amor	g the practices of Method				
	Acting, Commedia dell	l' Arte, and Social Prese	encing Theater. The				
	participants experience: relaxation, concentration, voice production,						
	movement, memory, s	space embodiment + T	otal Awareness©. These				
	activities and dynamic	s offer the possibility t	o create a "SES Skills				
	language" useful to ex	plore, through the len	s of senses, the complexities				
	and paradoxes of life a	and apply it, in this con	text, to their dedicated				
	situation and case stud	dy.					
	*https://zellainternational.	org/espressoskillslab/					
Time	½ hour						
Instructions	Specific indication for	•					
	casual comfortable dre	ess for physical movem	ients				
Materials needed	Large indoor space wh	ere to move, chairs, te	chnical facilities, internet				
	connection;						
	- masks for Commedia	dell'Arte (to be discus	sed/provided)				
Theoretical foundation,	1. Adler, S., Brando,	M., & Kissel, H. 2000. T	he Art of Acting.				
relevant References &	https://arawanaha	ayashi.com/					
Resources	2. Cohen, L. 2016. Th	e Method Acting Exerc	cises Handbook (M.D.				
	Rudikoff, Ed.) (1st	ed.). Routledge.					
	3. Hayash A. 2021. So	ocial Presencing Theate	er: The Art of Making a True				
	Move. PI Press.						





	in Onion					
	<ol> <li>Scharmer, O. Since 1990 - Presencing Institute - <a href="https://www.presencing.org/">https://www.presencing.org/</a></li> <li>Rudlin, J.1994. Commedia dell'arte: An actor's handbook. London: Routledge.</li> </ol>					
Competences developed	Awareness   Connectedness  Alignment					
SES Skills trained						
JLJ JKIIIS (I dilleu	Sensorial 🗵	Emotional 🗵	Spiritual 🗵			
Part 4						
Title	Upa-Yoga and Medita	tion				
Workshop objective	<ul> <li>facilitate their attitude to the perception of clarity of the professional purpose connected to their individual source according to Theory U design</li> <li>Activate the body's energy, sensorial capabilities and dispel inertia through the UPA-Yoga exercises</li> <li>Experience Meditation as a Quality of Life and not an Act</li> <li>Become a Meditative Being</li> </ul>					
Outcomes	Driving the individual connectedness, training	on to the case study awareness-based exper ng the attitude to attent ess to teamwork for cas				
Place in ProCESS method	Workshop #4					
Description	arm movements and r Sadhguru; The practices are selec Marcella Zoccoli amor	ce of selected Isha Upa	tion:			
Time	½ hour					
Instructions	Upa-Yoga: Please leave Sessions.  Meditation: A light stop beginners.	ess for physical movemer e 1.5 hours gap after a commach is recommended				
Materials needed	Large indoor space (e.	g., Sport Hall or Gym, Y	oga space),			
	- Yoga Mats (at JAMK are available), but if you wish and have one you can bring yours - technical facilities, internet connection					
Theoretical foundation, relevant References & Resources	https://isha.sadhg 2. Sadhguru, J.V. 201 & Grau. New York 3. Zoccoli, M. 2020. transformative lea	& Research Studies ava <u>uru.org/us-en/isha-rese</u> .6. Inner Engineering. A	earch-center/ Yogi's guide to joy. Spiegel  Human students			





Competences developed	Awareness	$\boxtimes$	Connectedne	ss 🗵	Alignment	$oxed{\boxtimes}$	
SES Skills trained	Sensorial	$\boxtimes$	Emotional	$\boxtimes$	Spiritual	  X	
Doub C	0011001101				opco.o.		
Part 5							
Title			and Music: dy				
Workshop objective			to conceive ho			~	
		modulate the mood and emotion of a person or a group - target is to demonstrate how technique of empathy is a powerful					
	_		nstrate now te	•		•	
			rations by pla				
			ze to even dee				
	commun	ication					
	~	•	it how we can		•	•	
			ursory level, m		•		
			nent together ive mind and				
Outcomes	_		ze the bodily a				
		•	•		•	thy levels and	
		_	hem as a tool i		•	•	
Place in ProCESS method	Workshop #5	5					
Description			Therapy meth	-			
			n music making	_	iunicate with	each other.	
	1	•	ques (Kenneth	· ·			
			c making exerc		-	•	
	interaction b		standing the si	gnincance	or empathy i	n the	
			riment with th	e instrum	ents trying ou	ıt different	
	empathy tec	•		C IIISCI GIII	circs, crying oc	it different	
			eave-taking, F	eedback -	Musical mom	entum and	
	relaxation						
Time	½ hour						
Instructions		-	r this worksho	-			
			oractice conce		_	_	
Matariala mandad			ring, not that r				
Materials needed	connections	•	e to sit and m	ove, techn	licai racilities,	internet	
Theoretical foundation,		•	ed 2014). Defi	ning Music	Therapy		
relevant References &	Bruscia, K. (third ed 2014). Defining Music Therapy     https://kalanimusic.com/techniques-of-empathy/						
Resources	2. Bruscia,	K. (1987)	. Improvisatio	nal Model	s of Music Th	erapy	
Competences developed	Awareness		Connected	dness 🗵	Alignme	nt 🗵	
SES Skills trained	Sensorial	×	Emotional	×	Spiritual	$\boxtimes$	
Part 6	1						
Title	The students	s experie	nce: Visual Na	rrative Ga	allery		
	and Grand F						
Workshop objective		•	n of the COMF		onaatti" 6 Pro	CESS	
	worl	kshops jo	urney at JAMk	(.fi			





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Outcomes	<ul> <li>Sharing the knowledge &amp; the wisdom (experience): Students         Visual Narrative Gallery of the artworks, artistic creations and         creative discussion</li> <li>Nurturing moment - Leave-taking =&gt; Time for final Feedback</li> <li>Conclusion, thanking moment &amp; celebration         Grand Finale: SES Skills applied, Complexity Processed!</li> <li>Performing Theory U while perform and externalize inner images,         emotional processes, and thoughts through the artistic creations</li> </ul>							
	prepared for the day as part of "the work-practice of envisioning, crystallizing and embodying the whole experience of processing complexity in business environments through the arts and becoming aware of its salience in their leadership identity development" (Eskola, Zoccoli, Korhonen, and Hundal 2022)							
Place in ProCESS method	Workshop #6							
Description	The session is meant as manifestation and celebration for the accomplishment of the work-journey.  Sharing the knowledge & the wisdom (experience): creative discussion and conclusions							
Time	½ hour							
Instructions	Attitude to the wo	orkshops journey	<i>'</i>					
	Dedication - Commitment - Respect – Responsibility  - We request you to prepare yourself to join the workshop in a conducive way and that you participate with appropriate circumstances and behavior (not eating, appropriate dress, etc.)  - During the workshops laptop and mobile should be switch off or in silent mode - you can take notes during the briefing and debriefing  - During the workshops there will be short break moments  - During the workshop, no videos but ok pictures							
Materials needed	Large indoor space				, internet			
The americal form dation	connection; refresh							
Theoretical foundation, relevant References &	, ,	rd ed 2014). Defi	•	• •	ad.			
Resources		20). The dragon ( er 2020. Retriev						
Resources	3. DeBacker, J. (2 Publishers	014). The Music	in Music T	herapy. Jessica	Kingsley			
	Methods for Leadership in Complex Environments" published on International Management Development Association (IMDA) annual World Business Congress proceedings volume XXIX, 2022 Page 16-23. ISBN: 1-888624-19-1							
	<ol> <li>Juslin, P. &amp; Sloboda, J. (2011). Handbook of Music and Emotion: Theory, Reseach, Applications. Oxford University Press</li> <li>Zoccoli, M. 2020. The Apple &amp; The Candle. Human students' transformative leadership experience. [Spirituality – Business –</li> </ol>							
		JAMK Publication	-	miluality – bus				
Competences developed	Awareness 🗵	Connectedness		Alignment	$\boxtimes$			
SES Skills trained	Sensorial 🗵	Emotional	<u>⊠</u>	Spiritual				
	L			l				





# **WORKSHOP SYLLABUS – EXAMPLE 3**

General description	
Course title	Tasting for sensorial, emotional and spiritual skills
Time	3 hours
Sequencing	6 parts
ECTS credits if applicable	n/a
Course competences	Awareness, connectedness, alignment
Course objectives	To get familiar to solve complex problems with sensorial, emotional and spiritual skills
Expected outcomes	Understanding the concepts of complexity and SES skills, the meaning of participant attitude and commitment, being able to connect to oneself and others to be able to work in a team, co-operation and co-creation, alignment and finalizing the 3-hour process
Course contents	The course contains 6 parts of different objectives that are explained hereafter
Evaluation scale	Pass/Fail
Names of SESS trainers	Simona Noveanu, Sorin Șuteu, Remus Lungu and Violeta Firescu
Part 1	
Title	Prelude and practice: Introduction to SES skills and complexity
Workshop objective	
Outcomes	Understanding the concepts of complexity and SES skills.  Acknowledging the sensorial, emotional, and spiritual diversity of the group and the meaning of our contemporary world complexity (including organisations).  - Participants identify SES similarities and divergences in their group.  - Participants become aware of the human diversity and complexity of an organisation.
Place in ProCESS method	Part #1
Description	Our life means multiple and variable interactions between human beings, as components of the world complex system. A complex system is open, with several components which are not constant (varying in time), so it is often not possible to understand how each component of the system evolves. When talking about organizational complexity, it is important to view, understand and develop the organizational human side, helping people to become the actors of their life, more creative and performant. According to the theory of embodied cognition, human cognition is influenced by the experiences of the body in a physical world. Furthermore, the brain is not just connected to the body, but the body activities also influence the brain. For example, 70-80% of the human brain is related to hands and this link is twofold, thus working with hands develops the human brain.  According to design thinking, a problem-solving method used in a complex
	system, the reality is constructed by the people living it, and decisions are more emotional than logic. To use design thinking, sensorial and emotional skills – that allow people to emphasize with the user, not only at a single





	user but also at his/her interaction with a wider environment, even universe – are needed. Skills to look holistically at complex problems are also needed, to be able to look into the future, to understand "the connectedness or relationship that a person has with their self, others, the environment and a divine or a transcendent being or concern" (spiritual skills). These skills in combination are called SES skills.  Based on the theory of embodied cognition and design thinking, the <i>ProCESS methodology</i> aims to develop an original and innovative methodology to deal with complex management cases through alternating sequences of mobilization of Sensory, Emotional, and Spiritual (SES) intelligence, in addition to rational capacities.  To train SES skills, the ProCESS method uses the <i>Theory U</i> approach. The essence of Theory U is that by moving through the "U" process the user learns to connect to the essential "Self", goes through the process of "presencing" which means "sensing" and "presence".					
Time	½ hour					
Instructions	<ol> <li>Exercise 1 – Warming-up activity WELCOME TO SES-WORLD         Aim: Welcome participants         1. The trainer invites the participants to form a circle in a wide space, on a musical background.         2. The trainer asks participants to perform different movements in the space, according to instructions. For example, participants are asked to greet each other in different ways, to perform certain movements independently, to imitate the movements of the trainer or a designated participant.         3. Reflection. Participants share feedback about their experience. How did the participants perceive their state (physically, mentally, and emotionally) before, during and after the exercise?         4. Evaluation. Awareness of mood change during the exercise.     </li> <li>Exercise 2 – TOGETHER: GROUP HANDPRINT         Aim: Ensure convergence between participants in place and time and understand the concept of SES skills         1. The trainer invites the participants in turn to draw on a large sheet of paper the outline of their palm.     </li> <li>The trainer asks each participant to write down the following: I. Name/ III. An element of nature (universe) with which they feel connected at the workshop/ III. A word to describe the state of the moment/ IV. The main human quality that he/ she appreciates in a person.     </li> <li>Reflection. The participants notice similarities, but also the sensory, emotional and spiritual diversity of the group. Definitions for SES skills are emerging. The trainer mentions that the first artistic work of the group was created, referring to the prehistoric     </li> </ol>					
	rock art and the symbol of the handprint (identity and presence).  4. The trainer compose a short narrative of the handprint of the group created, in terms of complexity (remarks personal value / collective value / similarities and divergences / group synergy).					





	_	C	duala - 144	'e are different, e	l- ·		المناء ويناوير وريو	
		the whole always represents more than the sum of the parts (the discovery of collective thinking). Participants are encouraged to be present, to be proactive, to feel comfortable and to generate different ideas and perspectives for the same situation. The participants are encouraged to enjoy "the ProCESS journey" that will continue highlighting "the ProCESS gift" for participants — increasing their awareness, alignment and connectedness. The trainer briefly presents the next five parts of the SESS workshops.  6. Evaluation. Participants' capacity to identify various SES skills.						
	Exercis	e 3 – :	SES SKILLS	S LEVEL EX-ANTE				
			e SES skill					
	Particip	ants	perform tl	heir SES Evaluation	on (ex	-ante) at the er	d of Part 1	
	-		-	roCESS questionr				
Materials needed				large room, musi				
	2.	Exer	cise 2 – a l	large sheet of pa	per, c	oloured pencils	, markers	
	3.	Exer	cise 3 – Pr	oCESS SESS evalu	uation	questionnaire.		
Tips & Experience	•			her examples: th	•		-	
Using	•	pairs, introduce themselves and respond one by one to the questions: What was the first thing you noticed when you entered the room? or How do you feel at the moment? What was the last pleasant moment before attending the workshop?  • Exercise 2 – Watercolours handprints can also be used. Prepare in advance several containers with watercolours and ask participants						
Theoretical foundation,	1			handprints.	MOD	ID inspired by	Dásarat Abiba	
relevant References &	1.			ELCOME TO SES- ESS trainers' cap				
				yon, May 2022.	acity	Juliuling meetin	g, 3L33	
Resources	2.		•	OGETHER: GROU	P HAN	IDPRINT, inspire	ed by Pearson	
		K.R.	et al., <i>Arts</i> 3, p.20, <u>ht</u> t	s-Based Methods tps://www.susta	for T	ransformative E	ngagement,	
	3.	Han	d Stencils,	Prehistoric Rock	Art: (	Oldest Painted I	<u> Handprints</u>	
			<u>ıal-arts-co</u>					
	4.			"New approache		•	_	
			-	Review of Mana	geme	nt & Economic	Engineering,	
		2022	-	ora/obstrostus://	2 /00	Artical C20 D	AFE Draces	
				org/abstracturi/8 OFINAL.pdf	<u>3/U8</u>	ALLICOL 039 KI	VICE PIOCESS	
	5.			ga I., "Embodied	Cogni	tion and manag	ement	
	]			need for sensoria	_	_		
			•	ex managerial pr	•	•		
Competences developed	Awarer		$\boxtimes$	Connectedness		Alignment		
SES Skills trained	Sensori	al	$\boxtimes$	Emotional	$\boxtimes$	Spiritual	$\boxtimes$	
Part 2								
Title	Power	of bo	dy and mi	nd				
ride	rower	טו טט	uy and mi	iiu				





Workshop objective	Introduction of natural and physical life
	The purpose is to raise awareness of the importance of the senses,
	emotions and spirit in perceiving and relating the individual to the
	surrounding world.
Outcomes	Connect to ourselves
	- Participants become aware of the multitude of information received
	through the senses (mainly visual and auditory) and face a series of
	perceptual errors.
	- Participants become aware of the main categories of emotions and try
	to identify different ways in which individuals respond to emotions.
	- Participants realize that everyone has their own vision of life, the
DI : D 0500 II I	usefulness of understanding and defining a purpose in life
Place in ProCESS method	Part #2
Description	We live in an extremely diverse and complex world that we become aware
	of and adapt to, for personal survival and development, through our own
	senses, experiencing a series of emotional states and sometimes having
	spiritual experiences.
	Better insight and understanding of the three sides – sensory, emotional
	and spiritual – will allow us to better integrate into the environment and
	the community.
Time	½ hour
Instructions	Exercise 1 – IDENTIFYING PERCEPTION ERRORS
	Aim: Confront participants with situations where they have misleading
	visual perceptions.
	The trainer presents a sequence of images.
	2. For each image, the participants are asked to identify what those
	images suggest or to identify certain mismatches.
	<ol><li>Participants can respond freely, completing, refining, or debating what their colleagues say.</li></ol>
	4. The trainer presents a video that represents an optical illusion.
	5. After the video is over and the optical illusion is revealed, the
	trainer asks participants: Why was our initial perception deceived?
	What did you feel after the optical illusion was revealed?
	(Disappointment? Spite? etc.)
	6. <b>Conclusion:</b> The expected conclusion is that, in some situations, an
	individual's perception of reality may be distorted or even
	misguided.
	,
	we get the best possible perception of reality?" or he can prepare
	it by launching two preliminary questions: "Have you faced
	situations in which you drew certain conclusions, which then
	disproved themselves?" and "Are you tempted to judge things too
	quickly, or do you have the patience to distance yourself to better
	understand the situation?"
	8. <b>Evaluation:</b> active participation and reflection.
	F 2. IDENTIFYING PROPERTY.
	Exercise 2 – IDENTIFYING EMOTIONS THROUGH FACIAL EXPRESSIONS





	I					1
	Aim: Verify the ab			ve ba	sic emotions thi	rough the
	mimics of the subj			.: .:		s and miletale
			tributes to the par			t on which
	· ·		rite down the ider ccessively presents			of a subject
					•	•
	· ·	_	motions and asks p		•	•
		individually and write them down on their worksheets.  3. Conclusion and evaluation: The results are noted on the board				
	and the extent to which emotions have been interpreted correctly is assessed.					
Materials needed			nages and video wit	th no	rcantion arrors	
Waterials needed			tures of facial expr			sic emotions:
	worksheet		itares or racial expl	C3310	ms m case or ba	310 01110110113,
Tips & Experience			cipants have a clea	ar iind	derstanding of t	he goals and
Using	rules of the ab		•	ar arre	acrotationing of the	ne godis dila
			cessary materials in	adva	ance	
Theoretical foundation,	https://www.daily					
relevant References &	TILLPS.//www.ually	ποι	ion.com/video/xoc	.vyuo		
Resources						
Competences developed	Awareness	$\boxtimes$	Connectedness	$\boxtimes$	Alignment	
SES Skills trained	Sensorial		Emotional		Spiritual	$\boxtimes$
JLJ JKIII3 (Tallieu	Selisorial		Elliotioliai		Spirituai	
Part 3						
Title	Managing emotion	ns th	rough hidden tale	ents		
TILL	Wanaging Cinotion	113 (1	nough maach taic			
Workshop objective	Using various exer	cises	s participants will b		ded to perceive	, describe,
	Using various exer and manage emot	cises ions.	s participants will b	e gui	<u> </u>	
	Using various exer and manage emot Identifying and ma	cises ions anagi	s participants will b ing emotions given	e gui	complexity of o	
Workshop objective	Using various exer and manage emot Identifying and ma contemporary wor	ions. ions inagi rld, i	s participants will b ing emotions given ncluding in organiz	the o	complexity of ou	
Workshop objective	Using various exer and manage emot Identifying and ma contemporary wor -participants iden	ions ions anagi rld, ii tify a	s participants will b ing emotions given ncluding in organiz and describe emoti	the diation	complexity of ou s. n detail	ır
Workshop objective	Using various exer and manage emot Identifying and ma contemporary wor -participants ident - participants can s	ions. ions. anagi rld, ii tify a	s participants will b ing emotions given ncluding in organiz and describe emoti he emotional side	the diation	complexity of ou s. n detail	ır
Workshop objective Outcomes	Using various exer and manage emot Identifying and ma contemporary wor -participants iden - participants can s become responsib	ions. ions. anagi rld, ii tify a	s participants will b ing emotions given ncluding in organiz and describe emoti he emotional side	the diation	complexity of ou s. n detail	ır
Workshop objective Outcomes Place in ProCESS method	Using various exer and manage emot Identifying and ma contemporary wor -participants iden - participants can s become responsib Part #3	ions, anaga rld, in tify a see t	s participants will b ing emotions given ncluding in organiz and describe emoti he emotional side anagers	the gui ation ions i	complexity of ou s. n detail ople in an orgar	ur nization and
Workshop objective Outcomes	Using various exer and manage emot Identifying and ma contemporary wor -participants iden - participants can s become responsib Part #3 Emotions are com	ions ions anagi rld, ii tify a see t le m	s participants will b ing emotions given ncluding in organiz and describe emoti he emotional side anagers and they influence	the dations in of pe	complexity of ou s. n detail ople in an orgar interactions wit	nization and
Workshop objective Outcomes Place in ProCESS method	Using various exer and manage emot Identifying and ma contemporary wor -participants iden - participants can s become responsib Part #3 Emotions are com the quality of our of	ions. ions. inagingly rld, in tify a see t ile m plex own	ing emotions given ncluding in organiz and describe emoti he emotional side anagers and they influence work. Emotions ca	the cations in of pe	complexity of ou s. n detail ople in an orgar interactions wit	nization and
Workshop objective Outcomes Place in ProCESS method	Using various exer and manage emot Identifying and ma contemporary wor -participants ident - participants can secome responsib Part #3  Emotions are companded the quality of our contemporary wor -participants can secome responsib Part #3	ions ions inag rld, ii tify a see t le m plex own rom	ing emotions given ncluding in organiz and describe emoti he emotional side anagers and they influence work. Emotions ca many points of vie	the cation in the corporations in the corporation corp	complexity of our s. n detail ople in an organ interactions with me from various	nization and h others and sources and
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Workshop objective Outcomes Place in ProCESS method	Using various exer and manage emotion identifying and manage emotion identifying and manage emotion identifying and manage emotion identifying and manage emotions are compart #3  Emotions are compart the quality of our concern be described for a video sequence emotions, or differ perspectives, we concern the participants are balance their emotions.	cisessions.  naggirld, in tify a see t tile m  plex own from or a rent an finally see the month of the control	ing emotions given neluding in organized and describe emotional side anagers  and they influenced work. Emotions can many points of vie piece of music can emotions. By lookind ways to undersise how they and the	the gui the cation ions in of pe our in corew. give ing at tand	complexity of our s. In detail ople in an organ interactions with the from various us and others the emotions from and to manage of leagues feel ar	h others and sources and ne same many them.
Outcomes  Place in ProCESS method Description	Using various exer and manage emotions are comporated for the quality of our comporated for the participants of the quality of our comporated for the quality of our components of the participants of the participants are balance their emotions.	cisessions.  naggirld, in tify a see t tile m  plex own from or a rent an finally see the month of the control	ing emotions given neluding in organized and describe emotional side anagers  and they influenced work. Emotions can many points of vie piece of music can emotions. By lookind ways to undersise how they and the	the gui the cation ions in of pe our in corew. give ing at tand	complexity of our s. In detail ople in an organ interactions with the from various us and others the emotions from and to manage of leagues feel ar	h others and sources and ne same many them.
Workshop objective  Outcomes  Place in ProCESS method  Description  Time	Using various exer and manage emotions are comporated for the quality of our can be described for the participants, or differ perspectives, we can balance their emotions.	cises ions.  naggirld, ii tify a see t le m  plex own or a rent an finalystions	ing emotions given neluding in organizer and describe emotional side anagers  and they influence work. Emotions camany points of vie piece of music can emotions. By lookind ways to unders se how they and the s. They learn to reg	e gui a the cation ions in of pe e our an cor ew. give ing at tand deir co	complexity of our s. In detail ople in an organ interactions with the from various us and others the emotions from and to manage of leagues feel ar	h others and sources and ne same many them.
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Workshop objective Outcomes  Place in ProCESS method Description  Time	Using various exer and manage emotion and manage emotion identifying and macontemporary words are come responsible. Part #3  Emotions are comparted the quality of our concern and the quality of our concern and the described for a video sequence of the participants are balance their emotions, or differ perspectives, we concern a participants are balance their emotion and the participants are balance their emotion and the participants are balance their emotion and the participants are balance their emotions.  1/2 hour  Exercise 1 – EMOT Aim: Awareness of the participants of the participants are balance their emotions.	rions.  naggirld, in the see t	ing emotions given neluding in organizand describe emotional side anagers  and they influence work. Emotions camany points of vie piece of music can emotions. By lookind ways to unders se how they and the s. They learn to reg	e gui the cation ions in of pe e our in cor ew. give ing at itand peir co	complexity of our s.  n detail ople in an organinteractions with me from various us and others the emotions from and to manage olleagues feel are emotions with	h others and sources and me same many them. and can their hidden
Workshop objective  Outcomes  Place in ProCESS method  Description  Time	Using various exer and manage emotion and manage emotion identifying and matcontemporary words are comparticipants identifying and secome responsible and participants are comparted and participants are comparted and participants are comparted and participants are balance their emotions, or differ perspectives, we can be described for the participants are balance their emotions. We hour a balance their emotions are comparted and participants are balance their emotions. We hour a balance their emotions are comparted and participants are balance their emotions. The participants are balance their emotions. The traine are contact and the comparted and participants are comparted and participants. The traine and participants are comparted as a comparted and participants are comparted as a comparted and participants. The traine and participants are comparted as a comparted and participants are comparted as a comparted and participants. The traine and participants are comparted as a comparted and comparted and participants are comparted as a comparted and comparted and com	ricises ions.  naggirld, ii tify a see t tile m  plex own or a rom or a rent ian finalys tions  rions  rions	ing emotions given neluding in organizand describe emotional side anagers  and they influence work. Emotions camany points of vie piece of music can emotions. By lookind ways to unders se how they and the s. They learn to reg	e gui of pe cation ions in of pe cour in cor ew. give ing at tand heir co	complexity of our s.  n detail ople in an organinteractions with me from various us and others the emotions from and to manage olleagues feel are emotions with	h others and sources and me same many them. and can their hidden
Workshop objective  Outcomes  Place in ProCESS method  Description  Time	Using various exer and manage emotion and manage emotion identifying and macontemporary word participants identifying and secome responsible. Part #3  Emotions are compacted for a video sequence of the quality of our of can be described for a video sequence of the participants are balance their emotions, or differ perspectives, we contain the participants are balance their emotion talents.  ½ hour  Exercise 1 – EMOT Aim: Awareness of 1. The traine wifeeling word in the second in the seco	rions.  naggirld, in tify a see t tile more or a rent tions.  rions  rions  rions  rions  rions  rions	ing emotions given ncluding in organizand describe emotional side anagers  and they influence work. Emotions camany points of vie piece of music can emotions. By lookind ways to unders se how they and the s. They learn to reg	the guing at the corrections in corrections at the corrections at the corrections pants of the corrections and the corrections are the corrections at the corrections and the corrections are the corrections and the corrections are the corrections	complexity of our s. In detail ople in an organ interactions with me from various us and others the emotions from and to manage olleagues feel are emotions with a sabout feelings	h others and sources and he same many them. hd can their hidden
Workshop objective Outcomes  Place in ProCESS method Description  Time	Using various exer and manage emotion identifying and manage emotion identifying and manage emotion identifying and manage emotion identified i	rions.  naggirld, in tify a see t tile more or a rent can finally fow r dis wheel r next times.	ing emotions given neluding in organizand describe emotional side anagers  and they influence work. Emotions camany points of vie piece of music can emotions. By lookind ways to unders se how they and the s. They learn to reg	the guing at the court of persons in corrections at the court of persons in corrections at the court of the c	complexity of our s. In detail ople in an organ interactions with me from various us and others the emotions from and to manage of the emotions with emotions with the emotion w	h others and sources and he same many them. hd can their hidden and the sand gives





		Loving, Rejected, Important etc. and asks some questions like: How is the brain functioning under different emotions? How do I
		manifest when I feel something?, for example: Fear (my
		manifestation can be Freeze, Run, Fight).
	3.	Each participant writes down on the sticky note about each
		manifestation for an emotion and puts it on the flipchart. The
		trainer discusses the projection in time of thoughts according to
		the emotions humans feel.
	4.	<b>Reflection:</b> The participants notice the differences, but also the
		similarities, about how people react to emotions.
		e 2 – TRANSFORMATION
		nd solutions for transformation
	1.	The trainer presents a video (balls video) and asks: What feelings
		does it evoke and why?
	2.	The trainer uses the main words like 'See – Feel – Adjust' and
		organizes the teams with two participants and asks the question:
		How can we transform a dysfunctional emotion into a functional
		emotion? Each team gives a response and arguments it.
	3.	<b>Reflection:</b> The participants notice the differences, but also the
		similarities about how they can transform emotions. In the end the trainer gives a ball to each participant, and they draw on the ball
		how they are feeling now.
Materials needed	1.	"Feeling wheel" by Gloria Willcox – https://www.gnyha.org/wp-
iviateriais fiecucu	1.	content/uploads/2020/05/The-Feeling-Wheel-Positive-Psycology-
		Program.pdf
		7-1 7 9 0
		TOTAL
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		AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER
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	2.	Sticky notes and pencils
	3.	Balls video: https://youtu.be/IQTzqSEK3yM
Tips & Experience	•	Make sure that the participants get into an emotional state of mind
Using		while seeing the video sequence – you can provoke this with
		relevant questions.
	•	Be aware that participants are not used to writing a feeling –
		encourage them. Usually, they feel surprised about their creativity
		when they present their feeling. Emphasize intuitive nature of
		process (don't overthink!).





	III OIIIOII					
Theoretical foundation, relevant References &		aniel Gol eche, Bud			enta I	Emotionala, Editura Curtea
Resources	2. 0	andea, R.	., Car	ndea, D. (2005), C	Comp	etențele emoționale și
	S	uccesul în	mai	nagement, Ed. Ed	onor	nica, Cluj-Napoca.
	3. 0					
	В	Bucuresti.				
	_	cultures/201803/how-culture-shapes-emotions				
	_	https://www.gnyha.org/wp-content/uploads/2020/05/The- Feeling-Wheel-Positive-Psycology-Program.pdf				
	· ·	_		able.com/new/co		<del></del>
Competences developed	Awarene		прпс	Connectedness		1
SES Skills trained	Sensorial	<u></u> □		Emotional		Alignment □ Spiritual □
JLJ JKIIIS (I dilleu	Selisorial			Lillotional		Spiritual 🗀
Part 4						
Title				interaction		
Workshop objective	Connecti	_				equire the skills to:
	-	_		•		ues and social values.
0	-				o spe	ecific decisions taken.
Outcomes	Co-opera	tion and t	co-cr	eation		
Place in ProCESS method	Part #4	or focilitat	+00+	ho trainage to pr	o etica	e several exercises related to:
Description				•		sonal and social values
		_		alues affect our d	•	
Time	½ hour					
Instructions		L – THE TI	REE (	OF VALUES		
					veen	personal and social values.
			_			Co-creating "the tree of the
	values of	the group	p".			
						livide into groups of 2-3
	-	-				each group are asked to think
						es that they agree on. The
					thos	e groups that hardly agree
		pon comi fter the t			of മാ	ch group is invited to draw a
				• •		nd differentiate these values
				_	-	s. At the end, the trainer draw
		-		e values" of the g		
				•	•	es, the participants are asked
	t	identify	exa	mples from their	perso	onal lives that have
				=	•	can be from civil life,
		_				atre and film). The participants
			sked	to describe what	inspi	ired them to adhere to these
		alues.	, TI			اللب بالقصيبات، فمان مرم فم
						ect on what values they adhere
	τ	), and wh	iere i	are these values	COMI	iig ii oiii.





		values socially oriented. To accomplish cooperative tasks, the participants have to agree upon a set of common values				
Materials needed		, , ,				
Tips & Experience Using	•	<ul> <li>The trainer should ensure that the rules are clearly understood.</li> <li>Make sure all participants have a clear understanding of the goals and rules of the exercise.</li> </ul>				
Theoretical foundation, relevant References & Resources	1.		iralles, F., Ichigo I			as, București,
Competences developed	Awaren	ess 🗵	Connectedness	$\boxtimes$	Alignment	
SES Skills trained	Sensoria	al 🗵	Emotional	$\boxtimes$	Spiritual	$\boxtimes$
Part 5						
Title	Processi	ing towards	self-transformation	n		
Workshop objective	The pur	pose is to tra	prototype, crystal in participants in u ems, individually a	using cr	eativity to solv	~
Outcomes			ous and responsib			
Place in ProCESS method	Part #5					
Description	problem solve the	•	participants face u t in the position to		•	•
Time	½ hour					
Instructions	Aim: Co them in Participa which ca Techniq 1.	nfront partic a position to ants experimen be used to used to used to used to use (NGT) shather of the problem found in an experiment of the trainer explates in the without conswhich they we concise but so puring this so	RCELAIN PLATES ipants with an unfagenerate creative ent and assimilate o solve complex properties in a set of high extremely unstable of the problem of the	e solution and the solution of	ons to solve the hod of stimulate. The Nominal exporcelain plate on inside a glase for solutions to blays the image cipants to find a colutions to solve explanations reve 10 minutes to feel free to a	e problem.  cing creativity, Group  es that were es-door cabinet to remove  with the (individually, re the problem, must be for this step. mobilize their
	3.	etc. Each particip necessary ex	ainting, music listenant verbally submustenantions. Other the opinions on the	its a pr particij	oposal, limited pants are not a	to the llowed to





		proposal on the	board/screen. Sev	eral pa	sses are made t	o each
		•	I the proposals are	•		
		imit is reached.				
	4.	Each proposal is	next analysed and	l possik	oly improved thr	ough
		olenary debates	•	•	, ,	J
		•	of the solutions is	done s	uccessively by e	ach
			group, who assigns			
		solutions that th			po	
			rmines the numbe	r of po	ints available to	each
			rule, this is about			
		•	ard (to force partic			
		solutions).			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	7.	The trainer note	s on the board the	points	awarded by ea	ch
		participant and	sums them up for o	each sc	lution. The grou	ap qı
		solution is the o	ne that totals the h	nighest	score.	
	8.	Conclusion: The	trainer presents t	he part	icularities of the	e nominal
		group technique	e (TGN) along with	its adv	antages and	
		disadvantages. <sup>-</sup>	The trainer can also	prese	nt other metho	ds of
		stimulating crea	tivity (e.g., brainst	orming	, brainwriting, P	hilips 66,
		Frisco, etc.)				
	9.	E <b>valuation:</b> invo	lvement of partici	pants;	number of prop	osed
		solutions.				
Materials needed	1.	Flipchart/ board	, writing instrume	nts		
	2.	Plasticine, wate	rcolours, pencils, p	aper		
	3.	https://www.yo	utube.com/watch	?v=7pn	nxO9fHBHk	
	4.	one picture that	: illustrates the exe	rcise		
			1			
			The real			
			100			
			/www.buzzfeednews.com	/article/k	assycho/the-viral-pho	oto-of-bowls-
Tips & Experience	•	trapped-in-a-cupboar	<del>d-was-actually</del> rration of ideas, pa	rticinar	ats should not se	ancult
Using		each other.	ration of lueas, par	licipai	its should hot co	Jiisuit
Osing			exposure of ideas, i	t ic not	allowed to com	mont or
		fight the ideas o	•	15 1101	. allowed to con	illielit oi
		-	l participants shou	ld bo o	accuraged to av	nrocc
		themselves.	i participants snou	iu be e	ncouraged to ex	.press
Theoretical foundation,			ch, Paul. Creativita	tea: 15	0 de tehnici și e	xercitii.
relevant References &			ıra Polirom, Iaşi, 20		-	-
Resources		, ,	, -,,		<del>-</del>	
Competences developed	Awaren	ess $\square$	Connectedness		Alignment	$\boxtimes$
SES Skills trained	Sensoria	I 🖂	Emotional	$\boxtimes$	Spiritual	$\boxtimes$
	<u> </u>		l e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e			
Part 6						





Title Grand final  Workshop/ Part objective Participants are guided to use their SES skills and to align and motivations for different roles in the company. They share the knowledge and wisdom with their team for consolving.  Outcomes Use SESS for complex problem-solving in our contemport including in organizations.  - participants apply SES skills in different case studies  - participants can apply their SES skills in the company are responsible managers  Place in ProCESS method Part #6  Description In real world, SES skills help us to open our minds to muly viewpoints and perspectives on different things. This help	with objectives
and motivations for different roles in the company. They share the knowledge and wisdom with their team for consolving.  Outcomes  Use SESS for complex problem-solving in our contemport including in organizations participants apply SES skills in different case studies - participants can apply their SES skills in the company ar responsible managers  Place in ProCESS method  Part #6  Description  In real world, SES skills help us to open our minds to mul	W
including in organizations participants apply SES skills in different case studies - participants can apply their SES skills in the company ar responsible managers  Place in ProCESS method Part #6  Description In real world, SES skills help us to open our minds to mul	use SES skills and mplex problem-
<b>Description</b> In real world, SES skills help us to open our minds to mul	·
the problem better, to be creative, and see it from the policy different stakeholders.  Participants learn how to connect, they work together, do complex problems from different points of view or perspective.	ps us to resolve erspective of iscuss and resolve
Time ½ hour	
Instructions  Exercise 1 – MOTIVATIONS IN COMPLEXITY  Aim: Align the motivation with the context  1. The trainer splits the participants in teams and or roles from the organization/company for each to office assistant, financial assistant, lawyer etc.).  2. The trainer asks the teams to identify the object motivations for each role in the organization.  3. Participants create a poster with the identified a participants by asking: What about this collage metaphor of complexity for you? Where or what "complexity" in the poster for you? How does the complexity connect to your problem and why?  4. Reflection. Participants are asked: What were so qualities of the experience that we shared toget you apply elements of our experience in the pralife etc.)? Give enough time for discussions.	eam (manager, ives and spects. Encourage night be a t is the is collage's ome of the her? How might
Exercise 2 – GRATITUDE	
Aim: Connect and align with this moment  1. The trainer asks participants to position in a circl to share insights and a gratitude word about the experience they had during the workshop.  2. Give time to share any general impressions about focusing on the positive aspects. A prompt could	entire SES t the workshop,
you like to see/learn/hear more?"  3. Reflection. Participants are asked: What will be yothers, based on your SES experience? Give enough discussions.  4. The trainer reminds the participants about the good created during Part 1 workshop, shows it and ask	your gift for ugh time for roup handprint





				-			
		_	rd about the enti	-	-	ne handprint	
	they	create	ed at the beginni	ng of the s	ession.		
Materials needed	1. A laı	ge roll	of paper, brushe	s and cold	ours for paintin	gs, scissors,	
	glue	, varioι	us materials from	newspap	ers and magaz	ines	
	2. Pape	er and [	pencils				
Tips & Experience	• Mak	e sure	that the participa	ants get in	to an emotion	al state of	
Using	mino	l while	seeing the video	sequence	e – you can pro	voke this with	
	relev	ant qu	estions.				
	• Be a	ware th	nat participants a	re not use	ed to drawing/	painting and	
	enco	urage	them. Usually, th	ey feel su	rprised about t	heir creativity	
	whe	n they	paint or draw. Er	nphasize t	the intuitive na	ture of	
	proc	ess.					
Theoretical foundation,	1. Pear	son, K.	R.*, Backman, N	1., Grenni	, S., Moriggi, A.	, Pisters, S.,	
relevant References &	Vrie	ze de, A	A. (2018). Arts-Ba	sed Meth	ods for Transfo	ormative	
Resources	Enga	Engagement: A Toolkit. Wageningen: SUSPLACE, Method 26, 29.					
	ISBN	: 978-9	94-6257-992-7.				
Competences developed	Awareness		Connectedness		Alignment	$\boxtimes$	
SES Skills trained	Sensorial	$\boxtimes$	Emotional	$\boxtimes$	Spiritual	$\boxtimes$	
L.			i				

# **WORKSHOP SYLLABUS – EXAMPLE 4**

General description	
Course title	Tasting for ProCESS method to deal with complex management cases through alternating sequences of mobilisation of Sensory, Emotional, and Spiritual (SES) intelligences, in addition to rational capacities.
Time	3 hours
Sequencing	6 parts
ECTS credits if applicable	n/a
Course competences	Awareness, connectedness, alignment
Course objectives	Be aware that sensorial, emotional and spiritual capacities in line with rational capacities can help to solve complex problems in business and management.
Expected outcomes	Understanding the need for integral approach to address complexity of contemporary world and management. Understand the use of the SES skills (being able to connect to oneself, experiencing body abilities through SES skills) to help solving complex problems, incentivize the desire to train them to improve their performance.
Course contents	The course contains 6 parts of different objectives that are explained hereafter
Evaluation scale	None
Names of SESS trainers	Dace Andersone; Inga Berzina; Inese Sluka; Iveta Ludviga
Part 1	
Title	Introduction to complexity and SES skills
Objectives	To provide theoretical foundation to navigating into complexity and the need for the ProCESS method





Outcomes	Understanding the concepts of complexity and need for integral
	approach to address them.
Place in ProCESS method	Part #1
Description	We live in the VUCA (Volatile, Uncertain, Complex, Ambiguous) world and to navigate in this world VUCA skills (Vision, Understanding, Clarity, Agility/Adaptability) are needed. For centuries universities in their teaching and learning processes have implemented tools of traditional logic and rationality which presume that the world is stable, knowable, and predictable. However, the contemporary increasingly complex business context, there is a growing need for novel and diverse ways of approaching management education. Only recently management learning scholarship has acknowledged that learning also relates to embodied practices.  According to the theory of embodied cognition, human cognition is influenced by the experiences of the body in a physical world. Furthermore, the brain is not just connected to the body, but the body activities also influence the brain. For example, 70–80% of the human brain is related to hands and this link is twofold, thus working with hands develops the human brain.  According to design thinking, the reality is constructed by the people living it, and decisions are more emotional than logic. To use design thinking, sensorial and emotional skills – that allow people to emphasize with the user, not only at a single user but also at his/her interaction with a wider environment, even universe – are needed. Skills to look holistically at complex problems are also needed, to be able to look into the future, to understand "the connectedness or relationship that a person has with their self, others, the environment and a divine or a transcendent being or concern" (spiritual skills). These skills in combination are called SES skills.
Time	½ hour
Instructions	Openminded attitude and mindset to be able to play and embody complexity. Theoretical presentation is sequenced with discussions and/or visualization of complexity and brain yoga exercises.
Materials needed	Video projector and power point.
Theoretical foundation, relevant References & Resources	<ol> <li>Esbjörn-Hargens, S., 2009. AN OVERVIEW OF INTEGRAL THEORY An All-Inclusive Framework for the 21st Century, Integral Institute, Resource Paper No. 1, March, pp. 1–24.</li> <li>Duffy, J.D., 2020. A Primer on Integral Theory and Its Application to Mental Health Care, Global Advances in Health and Medicine, Vol 9., pp. 1-12.</li> <li>Kupers W. M. and Pauleen, D., 2015. Learning wisdom: Embodied and artful approaches to management education, Scandinavian Journal of Management, 31, 4, pp. 493-500.</li> </ol>
Competences developed	Awareness ⊠ Connectedness □ Alignment □
SES Skills trained	Sensorial
Part 2	





Title	Introduction to ProCESS method
Objectives	To explain the ProCESS method and related theoretical foundations
Outcomes	Understanding the logic of ProCESS method and its endless possibilities
Place in ProCESS method	Part #2
Description	Explain the logic behind 6-step method leading to core intelligence
Description	(integration of IQ; EQ; PQ and SQ). Senses (5 or may be more), emotions
	(4/6 basic emotions according to Goleman D. or Ekman P.), multiple
	intelligences (Gardner H.) and spirit are described.
	Based on the integral theory, theory of embodied cognition and design
	thinking process, the <i>ProCESS methodology</i> aims to develop an original
	and innovative methodology to deal with complex management cases
	through alternating sequences of mobilization of Sensory, Emotional, and
	Spiritual (SES) intelligence, in addition to rational capacities.
	To train SES skills, the ProCESS method uses the <i>Theory U</i> approach. The
	essence of Theory U is that by moving through the "U" process the user
	learns to connect to the essential "Self", goes through the process of
	"presencing" which means "sensing" and "presence".
Time	½ hour
Instructions	Positive and openminded attitude.
	Two to three Brain Yoga activities will be incorporated in the discussion
	to activate and link participant brain hemispheres and demonstrate
	process of embodiment.
Materials needed	Video projector and power point.
Theoretical foundation,	1. Davis, K., Christodoulou, J., Seider, S., Gardner, H., The Theory of
relevant References &	Multiple Intelligences, Harvard Graduate School of Education, pp.
Resources	1-37.
	http://www.pz.harvard.edu/search/resources?f%5B0%5D=sm_fi
	eld_resource_type%3AArticle
	2. Goleman D., 1995. Emotional intelligence. Bantam Books, New
	York
	3. Goleman D., 1998. Working with emotional intelligence. Bantam
	Books, New York
	4. Gardner H.E., 2011. Frames of Mind: The Theory of Multiple
	Intelligences. Basic books
	5. Gardner, H. (Ed) (2010) Good work: Theory and practice.
	Cambridge Mass: Harvard University.
	http://www.goodworkproject.org/wp-
	content/uploads/2010/10/GoodWorkTheory_and_Practice-
	with covers.pdf
	6. Brown, T., 2008. Design Thinking, Harvard Business Revies, June,
	pp. 1-10.
	7. Scharmer, O.C., 2007. Theory U: Leading from the Future as it
	Emerges, 1 ed., Cambridge: The Society of Organisational
	Learning.
	8. Sava A. et al., "New approaches to solve complex management
	case studies", Review of Management & Economic Engineering, 2022,
	https://rmee.org/abstracturi/83/08 Articol 639 RMEE ProCESS
	28.02.2022%20FINAL.pdf
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9. Sluka, I., Ludviga, I., (2022), Embodied Cognition and Management Learning: the Need for Sensorial, Emotional, and Spiritual Skills for Solving Complex Managerial Problems, EDULEARNZ2 Proceedings, pp. 4698-4706 https://library.iated.org/view/SLUKA202EMB  Competences developed Awareness © Connectedness © Alignment © SES Skills trained Sensorial © Emotional © Spiritual © Sensorial © Durney to the 'Self'.  Workshop objective Understanding Self thru SES skills.  Through the playing (improvisation) of easy-to-play instruments (percussion) and the experience of listening (perception) music, participants integrate the interaction of the body senses and the mind. In the creative process, through physical sensations, images, and metaphors, they try to understand the meaning of the experience and to give emotional meaning to it  Outcomes Participants become aware of and evaluate the interaction between body and mind.  Participants allow spontaneous self-expression, realize individual freedom within the group, activate their psycho-emotional resources.  Participants develop musical relationships that stimulate freer interpersonal communication.  Place in ProCESS method Music is a phenomenon that is born with a person and follows them throughout their life. At the beginning - impulse, exclamation, sound, pitch, rhythm, melody. Later, a signal, a symbol, knowledge, emotion, behavior.  In everyday life, music is most often encountered as an art form and perceived as a form of expression, but it is gradually finding its way into other aspects. Music is not only a source of inspiration, but also a tool for exploration, discussion, and the pursuit of goals (results).  Today, music is not only a cultural heritage that confirms a nation's identity, but the phenomenon of music itself is being given more and more importance, which explains its biological impact on the well-being of human life. Research in several scientifi		1					
SES Skills trained  Sensorial □ Emotional □ Spiritual □  Part 3  Title  Journey to the 'Self'.  Workshop objective  Understanding Self thru SES skills.  Through the playing (improvisation) of easy-to-play instruments (percussion) and the experience of listening (perception) music, participants integrate the interaction of the body senses and the mind. In the creative process, through physical sensations, images, and metaphors, they try to understand the meaning of the experience and to give emotional meaning to it  Outcomes  Participants become aware of and evaluate the interaction between body and mind.  Participants allow spontaneous self-expression, realize individual freedom within the group, activate their psycho-emotional resources.  Participants develop musical relationships that stimulate freer interpersonal communication.  Place in ProCESS method  Part #3  Description  Music is a phenomenon that is born with a person and follows them throughout their life. At the beginning - impulse, exclamation, sound, pitch, rhythm, melody. Later, a signal, a symbol, knowledge, emotion, behavior.  In everyday life, music is most often encountered as an art form and perceived as a form of expression, but it is gradually finding its way into other aspects. Music is not only a source of inspiration, but also a tool for exploration, discussion, and the pursuit of goals (results).  Today, music is not only a cultural heritage that confirms a nation's identity, but the phenomenon of music itself is being given more and more importance, which explains its biological impact on the well-being of human life. Research in several scientific fields, such as neurology, physiology, psychology, and pedagogy, makes music accessible to everyone as an essential part of the creative process.  In music, the creative process is expressed in the interaction between active and restful perception. Active music making (improvisation) or quiet listening stimulates emotional balancing and psycho-emotional self-regulation. However, the process		Man Spirit <i>EDU</i> l	Management Learning: the Need for Sensorial, Emotional, and Spiritual Skills for Solving Complex Managerial Problems, EDULEARN22 Proceedings, pp.4698-4706 <a href="https://library.iated.org/view/SLUKA2022EMB">https://library.iated.org/view/SLUKA2022EMB</a>				
Title    Journey to the 'Self'.	Commenter and developed			_			
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Music is a phenomenon that is born with a person and follows them throughout their life. At the beginning - impulse, exclamation, sound, pitch, rhythm, melody. Later, a signal, a symbol, knowledge, emotion, behavior.  In everyday life, music is most often encountered as an art form and perceived as a form of expression, but it is gradually finding its way into other aspects. Music is not only a source of inspiration, but also a tool for exploration, discussion, and the pursuit of goals (results).  Today, music is not only a cultural heritage that confirms a nation's identity, but the phenomenon of music itself is being given more and more importance, which explains its biological impact on the well-being of human life. Research in several scientific fields, such as neurology, physiology, psychology, and pedagogy, makes music accessible to everyone as an essential part of the creative process.  In music, the creative process is expressed in the interaction between active and restful perception. Active music making (improvisation) or quiet listening stimulates emotional balancing and psycho-emotional self-regulation. However, the process of listening music is particularly important in promoting interpersonal communication, during which the interaction between imagination (images) and abstract thinking occurs.	Outcomes	Participants become aware of and evaluate the interaction between body and mind.  Participants allow spontaneous self-expression, realize individual freedom within the group, activate their psycho-emotional resources.  Participants develop musical relationships that stimulate freer					
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perceive, understand and support everyone around you.  Time ½ hour	Place in ProCESS method		Commu	neacion.			
	Description	Part #3  Music is a p throughout pitch, rhythr behavior.  In everyday perceived as other aspect exploration, Today, mus identity, but importance, human life. physiology, everyone as In music, the active and re listening stir regulation. important in interaction b Through mu perceive, und	ohenomer their life. m, melode life, must a form of s. Music is discussion ic is not the phenot which ext Research psychologian essent e creative stful percent stful percent mulates of However, promoting petween in	non that is born with a At the beginning - imply. Later, a signal, a syntic is most often encour f expression, but it is grown as not only a source of instance of a cultural heritage of menon of music itself is explains its biological implication in several scientific figures, and pedagogy, make its process is expressed if eption. Active music make motional balancing are the process of listering interpersonal communication (images) an erience, it is possible to	pulse, exclamandol, knowled as an adually finding spiration, but als (results). The that confirm being given makes music as akes music as rocess. The interacting (improvisation of psycho-eming music is unication, during feel genuine	ation, sound, ge, emotion, art form and g its way into also a tool for as a nation's ore and more well-being of s neurology, accessible to ation between ation) or quiet actional self-se particularly ng which the nking occurs.	





Instructions				-			
	Attitude expected from participants: Dedication - Commitment -						
	Respect – Responsibility – Confidence – Positive and openminded						
	attitude When the musical experience or journey into the self is over participants						
	When the musical experience or journey into the self is over, participants are asked to reflect on the new experience.						
Materials needed			the new experien	ice.			
Materials needed	Music sycle (freely shoren appropriate to the chiestiye)						
	Music cycle (freely chosen, appropriate to the objective)  Audia handshapes						
	Audio headphones     Page A4						
	Page A4,     Writing materials (panells, falt-tip page, colored crayons)						
	Writing materials (pencils, felt-tip pens, colored crayons)  Advaired instruments (perional)						
Time O Ferraniana a Haina	Musical instruments (optional)  When starting the process portion are should be reposted by remainded.						
Tips & Experience Using	When starting the process, participants should be repeatedly reminded						
		to observe only themselves, only their feelings, to observe their bodily					
		reactions, and to try to avoid analyzing the process.					
	1	Participants are encouraged to relax, let go and surrender.  It is important to warm up the body before the process so that the					
	1		nly on the body.	), C (11)	c process so tri	at the	
Theoretical foundation,			). Guided Imagery	and N	Ausic (GIM) wit	th adults on	
relevant References &		=	ering from work-re				
Resources			study. Doctoral dis				
	•				, ,		
		Denmark, available https://vbn.aau.dk/ws/portalfiles/portal/68298949/42919 phdb					
		olettebecksmall.pdf					
	Wigram, A. (2012). Developing creative improvisation skills in						
	music therapy: The tools for imaginative music making.						
	Hargreaves, D., Miell, D., MacDonald, R. (Ed.) Music						
				-		ig.	
	Hargr	eaves, D		nald,	R. (Ed.) Music		
	Hargr imagi perfo	eaves, D	., Miell, D., MacDo	nald, erspe	R. (Ed.) Music ctives on creat	ivity,	
	Hargr imagi perfo 450	eaves, D nations: rmance,	., Miell, D., MacDo multidisciplinary p and perception. O	nald, erspe xford	R. (Ed.) Music ctives on creat University Pres	ivity,	
Competences developed	Hargr imagi perfo	eaves, D	., Miell, D., MacDo multidisciplinary p	nald, erspe	R. (Ed.) Music ctives on creat	ivity,	
Competences developed SES Skills trained	Hargr imagi perfo 450	eaves, D nations: rmance,	., Miell, D., MacDo multidisciplinary p and perception. O	nald, erspe xford	R. (Ed.) Music ctives on creat University Pres	civity, ss, p. 429-	
	Hargr imagi perfo 450 Awareness	eaves, D nations: rmance,	., Miell, D., MacDo multidisciplinary p and perception. O Connectedness	nald, erspe xford	R. (Ed.) Music ctives on creat University Pres	civity, ss, p. 429-	
SES Skills trained Part 4	Hargr imagi perfo 450 Awareness Sensorial	eaves, D nations: rmance,	., Miell, D., MacDo multidisciplinary p and perception. O Connectedness	nald, erspe xford	R. (Ed.) Music ctives on creat University Pres	civity, ss, p. 429-	
SES Skills trained  Part 4  Title	Hargr imagi perfo 450 Awareness Sensorial  Sensing the way	eaves, D nations: rmance,	., Miell, D., MacDo multidisciplinary p and perception. O Connectedness Emotional	erspe xford	R. (Ed.) Music ctives on creat University Pres Alignment Spiritual	civity, ss, p. 429-	
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Part 4  Title  Workshop objective  Outcomes  Place in ProCESS method	Hargr imagi perfo 450 Awareness Sensorial  Sensing the was sensing the coorganisations Using works of and to notice world and assend of the was participants participants become response Part #4  The world is a in a sense, wo	orld omplexit of art (pa unusual cociate e orkshop: identify are able onsible n really co	connectedness Emotional  y of our contempor intings, sculptures in usual things and motions with ordinal to see the human managers.	prary voluments also also also also also also also als	R. (Ed.) Music ctives on creat University President Pres	o see details to feel the esses. At the und; ion and	





	т					
	Like the real world, they are open to multiple interpretations, multiple					
	viewpoints. Bringing different viewpoints and perspectives which we can					
	see on a work of art often makes it richer, just as in real life – looking at					
	phenomenon or problem from multiple perspectives helps us to					
	understand it better and to see it from the perspective of different					
	stakeholders.					
	You spend two or three minutes in front of a work of art, looking closely,					
	and you begin to understand and see so much more. Now, you can spend					
	hours and hours looking at works of arts					
	Works of art, like paintings, provoke emotions. The same do poems.					
	Writing an ode is an activity which allows to feel and see unusual in an					
	ordinary object. Thesis workshop transfers this practice of looking at					oking at
	works of art, seeing it, as well as sensing and feeling it, to business world					
	and complex problems.					
Time	½ hour					
Instructions	Attitude exp	ected fror	<b>n participants:</b> D	edicati	on - Commitm	ent - Respect
		-	idence – Positive			•
		-	ed in a museum			
Materials needed			with or without t		<u> </u>	r and nower
Waterials needed		ilali 5 alla	with or without t	ubics.	viaco projecto	i ana powei
	·	point.				
	Work of art with many details (electronic)      Tomplete for writing the Ode for each participant.					
	Template for writing the Ode for each participant     Page and page!					
Tips & Experience Using	2. Paper and pencil					
Tips & Experience Osing	Make sure that the participants get into a positive emotional state of					
	mind while observing the painting – you can provoke this with relevant					
Theoretical foundation,	questions.					
relevant References &		1. Ritchhart, R., and Perkins, D., 2008. Making Thinking Visible, Educational Leaderships, Vol. 65, Nr. 5, Pages 57-61.				
Resources			ct Zero. <u>http://wy</u>		_	
Competences developed			Connectedness		1	$\boxtimes$
-	Awareness		Connectedness		Alignment	
SES Skills trained	Sensorial	$\boxtimes$	Emotional	$\boxtimes$	Spiritual	
Part 5						
Title	Igniting the	inner enei	rgy 'Presencing'			
Workshop objective	Igniting the i	nner ener	gy (for a good pu	rpose)		
Outcomes	After the wo	rkshon na	rticinants are			
Catcomes	After the workshop participants are					
	<ul><li>having a holistic view of the problem</li><li>understanding the potential of their inner capabilities</li></ul>					
	·					
Place in ProCESS method	- feeling inner energy to act upon the problem (knowing)  Part #5					
Description			ence be a resourc		•	
	The session starts with a walking meditation practice to exercise					
	mindfulness. After that, the students used neurographics that help them come into a deeper contact with themselves and the problem to deal with,					
		-		eives ai	na the problem	to deal with,
	set free their	r mind and	i body.			
Time	½ hour					





	_						
Instructions	Dedication - Commitment - Respect – Responsibility – Confidence – Positive and openminded attitude.						
Materials needed	For mindfulness – quiet place where to walk.						
	For neurography: Paper (any size); Pen and markers						
Tips & Experience Using	Debriefing at the end is important - it gives participants the opportunity						
	to hear other participant's experiences and be more aware about						
	themselves.						
Theoretical foundation,	1. Goleman D. & Davidson R., 2018. The Science of Meditation: How						
relevant References &	to Change Your Brain, Mind and Body. Penguin Life.						
Resources	2. Wigglesworth C., 2014. SQ21: The Twenty-One Skills of Spiritual						
	Intelligence. Select Books Inc.						
	3. Neurographic Art Tutorial : Mindfulness In Art (youtube link:						
	http	s://www.y	outube.com/wa	tch?v=l	Nolgdt-uQR0		
Competences developed	Awareness	$\boxtimes$	Connectedness		Alignment		
SES Skills trained	Sensorial	$\boxtimes$	Emotional	$\boxtimes$	Spiritual		
Part 6							
Title	Applying em	bodied cr	eativity in relati	on to a	complex prob	lem -	
Workshop objective	Using Lego b	ricks part	icipants build (m	odel) sc	lutions to the	complex	
	problems and discuss their models – they let their hands and senses to						
	find the solution. By building with hands, they build in their minds.						
Outcomes	Use SESS for complex problem-solving in our contemporary world						
	including in organizations.						
	- participants are able to use SES skills to generate solutions or ideas						
	- talking about the models adds metaphors and emotions to the						
	proposed solutions, participants are able to 'feel' the solution						
Place in ProCESS method	Part #6						
Description		LEGO © SERIOUS PLAY give participants the opportunity to build models					
	1		aphors about asp				
	business. Experience shows that LSP can produce richer information than						
	other current techniques.						
	LSP is a facilitation methodology developed at The Lego Group. Its goal is						
	improving creative thinking and communication. People build						
	with Lego bricks 3-dimensional models of their ideas and tell stories						
	about their models. Hence the name "serious play".						
Time	½ hour						
Instructions	_	-	m participants: [			-	
		•	fidence – Positiv				
	Be aware that participants may not be used to building 3-dimentional						
	models with Lego – encourage them. You can use introduction with a						
Matariala mandad	1	_	sk to build a Tow			واسمين الثين	
Materials needed	_		Lego Education		-		
		is enough	bricks and varie	ty of th	em. Lego can b	e combined	
	with Duplo.	oncil					
Tine 9. Evporiones Usine	Paper and po		game':				
Tips & Experience Using	Apply LSP 'R		•	ourcalf.			
	• Dor	iot «noid a	meeting with y	ourseit	)		





	Trust your hands						
	<ul> <li>Start telling the story, the meaning will emerge</li> </ul>						
	Do not put too much emphasis on design.						
	Make sure that the participants get into an emotional state of mind while						
	describing the model – you can provoke this with relevant questions.						
Theoretical foundation,	1. Kristiansen, P., and Rasmussen, K., 2014. Building a Better						
relevant References &	Business using the LEGO® SERIOUS PLAY® Method, New Jersey:						
Resources	Willey						
Competences developed	Awareness	$\boxtimes$	Connectedness	$\boxtimes$	Alignment	$\boxtimes$	
SES Skills trained	Sensorial	$\boxtimes$	Emotional	$\boxtimes$	Spiritual	$\boxtimes$	